

**CLASS 12 ACADEMIC PLANNER**  
**POLITICAL SCIENCE (028)**  
**2026-2027**

**Books**

**Politics in India since independence (PII)**

**Contemporary world politics (CWP)**

<b>Month (date/day)</b>	<b>Content</b>	<b>Learning Outcome</b>	<b>Assignment/Homework</b>	<b>Interdisciplinary Aspect</b>
<b>March</b>	<b>Bridge course</b>	<b>Bridge course</b>	<b>Bridge course</b>	<b>Bridge course</b>
April (1-15)  11 Working days	<p><b>Challenges of Nation Building</b>            a) Challenges for the new Nation.            . b) Partition: Displacement and Rehabilitation.            c) Integration of Princely States.            d) Reorganization of States.</p> <p><b>Era of One-Party Dominance</b>            a) Challenge of building democracy.            b) Congress dominance in the first three general elections            c) Emergence of opposition parties.</p>	<p>. • Describe the factors that led to the partition of India.            • Evaluate the role played by leaders in Nation Building</p> <p>• Appreciate the sustenance of democratic politics in the country.            • Evaluate the electoral politics post-Independence</p>	<p>Essay on 2 nation theory.</p> <p>PPT on various political parties</p>	<p>Interdisciplinary aspect –History and political science.</p>

<p>April (16-30)</p> <p>13 Working days</p>	<p><b>. Politics of Planned Development</b>  a) Political contestation.  • Ideas of Development.  • Planning Commission  b) The Early Initiatives  • The First Five Year Plan.  • Rapid Industrialization.</p>	<p>• Identify the varied option considered by the government to balance growth and socio-economic justice.  • Know the difference between Left and Right Ideology</p>	<p>Comparative analysis between NITI AYOOG and planning commission.</p>	<p>Economic and political science</p>
<p>May (1-15)</p> <p>6 Working Days</p>	<p><b>India's External Relations</b>  a) International Context  b) The Policy of Non-Alignment.  • Nehru's role  • Distance from two camps.  • Afro Asian Unity  c) Peace and conflict with China  • The Chinese Invasion 1962  • War and Peace with Pakistan  • Bangladesh War 1971  d) India's Nuclear Policy.</p>	<p>• Recognize the significance of NAM  • Interpret, compare, and contrast multilateral aspects of Indo-China relationship  • Demonstrate knowledge on Indo-Pak wars</p>	<p>Cartoon Interpretation and map work.</p>	<p>Geography and political science</p>

	<p><b>The End of Bipolarity</b></p> <p>a) The Soviet System  b) Gorbachev and the disintegration  c) Causes and Consequences of disintegration of Soviet Union  d) Shock Therapy and its Consequences  e) New entities in world politics • Russia  • Balkan States  • Central Asian States  f) India's relations with Russia and other post-communist countries</p>	<p>Identify the basic features of the Soviet System.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Discuss the background and outcome of disintegration of the Soviet Union.</li> <li>• Examine the consequences of unipolar world</li> <li>• Assess the features of Shock Therapy</li> <li>• Probe into the recent happenings in the Post-Communist Countries</li> </ul>	<p>Mind map on soviet system, shock therapy.</p>	<p>Interdisciplinary aspect – Geography, history, and political science</p>
<p>May 1-15</p>	<p><b>Contemporary Centers of Power</b></p> <p>a) European Union  b) Association of Southeast Asian Nations  c) Rise of China as an</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Compare and contrast the importance of European Union and</li> </ul>	<p>Comparative analysis on multiple centres of power.</p>	<p>Interdisciplinary aspect – Geography and political science</p>

<p>6 Working Days</p>	<p>economic power d) Japan and South Korea as emerging powers</p>	<p>ASEAN.  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Evaluate the extent of rise of Chinese economy and its impact on world politics.</li> <li>• Summarize India's relations with China</li> </ul> </p>		<p>SDG 10 Reduced Inequality SDG 16 Peace justice and strong institution.</p>
<p>July (1-15)</p> <p>12 Working Days</p>	<p><b>Contemporary South Asia</b>  a) Military and Democracy in Pakistan and Bangladesh  b) Monarchy and Democracy in Nepal  c) Ethnic Conflict and Democracy in Sri Lanka  d) India-Pakistan Conflicts  e) India and its Neighbours  f) Peace and Cooperation</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identify &amp; locate the seven countries of the South Asian region.</li> <li>• Appreciate the mixed record of democracy in the South Asian region.</li> <li>• Examine the role of Political leaders</li> </ul>	<p>Essay on political systems in south Asia.</p>	<p>Interdisciplinary aspect – History, Geography, and political science. SDG 16 Peace, justice, and strong Institution SDG 8 decent work and economic growth.</p>

<p>July (16-31)</p> <p>14 Working Days</p>	<p><b>International Organizations:</b></p> <p>a) Meaning and importance of International Organizations</p> <p>b) Evolution of the UN</p> <p>c) Structure and function of International Organizations</p> <p>d) Principal Organs of UN</p> <p>e) Reform of the UN after Cold War</p> <p>f) Reform of Structures, Processes and Jurisdiction of the UN</p> <p>h) India and the UN Reforms</p> <p>i) Key Agencies: IMF, World Bank, WTO, ILO, IAEA.</p> <p>j) NGO: Amnesty International, Human Rights Watch.</p> <p>g) Implications and Future of International Organizations</p>	<p>Define International Organization</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Appreciate the role of United Nations and its agencies</li> <li>• Reflect on the events taking place in the post-cold war era</li> <li>• Understand the need for reforms in the United Nations</li> </ul>	<p>Graphic organizer on UN and its agencies</p>	<p>Interdisciplinary aspect – History, Geography, and political science.</p>
<p>August (1-15)</p> <p>11 Working Days</p>	<p><b>Challenges to and Restoration of the Congress</b></p> <p>a) Challenge of Political Succession • From Nehru to Shastri • From Shastri to Indira Gandhi</p> <p>b) Fourth General Election 1967</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Context of the Election.</li> <li>• Non</li> </ul>	<p>Understand the challenges of political succession after Nehru. Evaluate the opposition unity and the Congress split as a challenge</p>	<p>PPT on Various political developments in Indian politics during 1960s</p>	<p>Interdisciplinary aspect – History and political science.</p>

	<p>Congressism • Electoral Verdict • Coalitions • Defections</p> <p>c) Split in the Congress • Indira vs the Syndicate • Presidential Election 1969</p> <p>d) The 1971 Election and Restoration of Congress • The outcome and after Restoration</p>	<p>to Congress dominance.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Compare and contrast the new Congress and the old Congress.</li> <li>• Summarise the initiatives taken by Indira Gandhi to overcome the challenges faced by her</li> <li>• Analyse the process of restoration of the Congress system</li> </ul>		Peace justice and strong institution.
<p>August (16-31)</p> <p>11 Working Days</p>	<p><b>.The Crisis of Democratic Order</b></p> <p>a) Background to Emergency. • Economic Context. • Gujarat and Bihar Movements • Conflict with Judiciary</p> <p>b) Declaration of Emergency • Crisis and response •</p>	<p>Understand the causes and consequences of Emergency</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Examine the lessons of Emergency</li> <li>• Evaluate the rule of Janata Government</li> </ul>	Debate on the emergency a blot on Indian politics.	Peace justice and strong institution

	<p>Consequences</p> <p>c) Lessons of the Emergency.</p> <p>d) Politics after Emergency. • Lok Sabha Elections 1977 • Janata Government</p> <p>e) Legacy</p>			
<p>September (1-15)</p> <p>11 Working Days</p>	<p><b>Security in the Contemporary World</b></p> <p>a) Meaning and Type of Security.</p> <p>b) Traditional concept of Security</p> <p>c) non-tradition notions of Security.</p> <p>d) New Sources of Threats</p> <p>e) Cooperative Security f) India's Security strategy</p>	<p>Recognise the causes of security threats</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enhance analytical skills to provide solutions to security concerns</li> <li>• Develop critical thinking about the role of various stakeholders in ensuring security today</li> </ul>	<p>Cartoon Interpretation</p>	<p>Interdisciplinary aspect - History and political science</p>

<p>September 16-30</p> <p>13 working days</p>	<p><b>Midterm examinations</b></p>	<p><b>Midterm examinations</b></p>	<p><b>. Midterm examinations</b></p>	<p><b>Midterm examinations</b></p>
<p>October (1-15)</p> <p>11 Working days</p>	<p><b>. Environment and Natural Resources</b>  a) Environmental Concerns  b) Global Commons  c) Common but differentiated responsibilities  d) India's Stand on Environment Issues  f) Environmental Movements  g) Resource Geopolitics  e) Rights of Indigenous peoples</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enlist and explain the facts related to global environmental issues</li> <li>• Recognise and understand the need to conserve critical resources</li> </ul> <p>Demonstrate knowledge and appreciation towards India's responsibility in protecting environment</p>	<p>Map activity</p>	<p>Interdisciplinary aspect - Geography and political science</p>

<p>October (16-31)</p> <p>9 Working days</p>	<p><b>Globalisation</b> a) Concept of globalisation b) Causes and Consequences of globalisation c) India and globalization d) Resistance to globalisation e) India and resistance to globalisation</p>	<p>Appreciate the significance of Globalisation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Elucidate the political, economic, and cultural dimensions of Globalisation.</li> </ul>	<p>Essay on factors facilitating globalisation.</p>	<p>. Economics and Political science</p>
<p>November (1-15)</p> <p>9 Working Days</p>	<p><b>Regional Aspirations</b> Topics to be focused: a) Region and the Nation b) Punjab c) The Northeast</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Discuss the implications of regional demands.</li> <li>• Analyse the importance of integrity in India.</li> </ul>	<p>Debate on “Are the amendments in the Constitution as per the needs and circumstances or guided by the whims and fancies of the ruling party?”</p>	<p>Interdisciplinary aspect – political science and history. SDG 16 Peace justice and strong institution.</p>
<p>November (16-30)</p>	<p><b>Recent developments in Indian Politics</b> a) Context of 1990s b) Era of Coalition • Alliance Politics</p>			

12 Working days	c) Political rise if the Backward Classes • Mandal Implemented • Political Fallouts d) Communalism, Secularism and Democracy. • Ayodhya Dispute • Demolition and after e) Emergence of New Consensus f) Lok Sabha Elections 2004 g) Growing Consensus			
December (1-15) 12 Working days	<b>REVISION OF THE ENTIRE SYLLABUS DONE IN THE CLASS WITH WORKSHEETS AND MOCK TEST</b>			

Syllabus for UT1

PII – CH -1, 2

CWP- CH-1,2

Syllabus for Half Yearly Examination

PII- CH- 1,2,3,4

CWP- CH- 1,2,3,4,

Syllabus for UT2

PII- CH- 5,6,7

CWP- CH- 5,6,7

Syllabus for preboard examination (entire syllabus)